Sample Assignment 6 Discussed on 2020-10-26, Not graded

Question 1 (Minimum and Maximum Heap Invariant.

(A) Assume that heap is implemented as a 0-based array (the root element is H[0]), and the heap supports DELETEMIN(H) operation that should remove the minimum element (and return the heap into consistent state).

(*Note.* A consistent state in such a heap means that the key in parent does not exceed keys in left and right child.)

Find, if the heap property holds in the following array:

H[0] = 6, 17, 25, 20, 15, 26, 30, 22, 33, 31, 20.

If it is not satisfied, find, which two keys you could swap in this array so that the heap property is satisfied again. Write the correct sequence of array H.

(B) Assume that heap is implemented as a 0based array (the root element is H[0]), and the heap supports DELETEMAX(H) operation that should remove the maximum element.

If the heap does not satisfy invariant (in a consistent max-heap, every parent should always be at least as big as both children), then show how to swap two nodes to make it correct.

96, 67, 94, 10, 67, 68, 69, 9, 10, 11, 50, 67.

Question 2 (Insert into a Min-Heap.

Show what is the final state of a heap after you insert number 6 into the following "minimum-heap" (represented as a zero-based array):

9, 18, 28, 23, 20, 29, 33, 25, 36, 34, 23.

Question 3 (Delete maximum from a Max-Heap.

Show what is the final state of a heap after

you remove the maximum from the following heap (represented as a zero-based array):

96, 67, 94, 10, 67, 68, 69, 9, 10, 11, 50, 67.

Question 1. (A) Answer:

6, 15, 25, 20, 17, 26, 30, 22, 33, 31, 20. To see, which numbers we need to swap, we draw the original array as a tree (and verify the heap invariant).



Figure 1: Violated min-heap invariant.

(B) Answer:
96, 67, 94, 10, 67, 68, 69, 9, 10, 11, 50, 67.
This tree is already correct (regarding the max-heap property).