Homework 10

Discrete Structures Due Tuesday, March 16, 2021 *Submit each question separately as .pdf*

1. Let $G_i = (V, E)$ be an directed graph for i = 1, 2, and fix $n \in \mathbb{N}$. How many functions $f: V \to \{1, \ldots, n\}$ satisfying $f(u) \neq f(v)$ whenever there is a path from u to v are there for each of the following graphs?



- 2. Let $n \in \mathbf{N}$. This questions is about *strings* of length n of the letters a, b, c.
 - (a) How many strings contain exactly 10 letters a?
 - (b) How many strings
 - contain exactly one letter **a**, or
 - contain exactly one substring bbbb and no other letters b?
 - (c) For $n \ge 10$, how many strings contain exactly n-5 consecutive letters **a** and contain no letters **c**?
- 3. Let B_n be the set of all compound propositions $f(p_1, \ldots, p_n)$ with n propositional variables. (Compound propositions are considered the same iff they are logically equivalent.)
 - (a) How many compound propositions f from B_n satisfy this tautology:

$$f(p_1,\ldots,p_n) \to p_1 \lor \ldots \lor p_n.$$
 (1)

(b) How many compound propositions f from B_n satisfy this tautology:

$$f(p_1,\ldots,p_n) \to p_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus p_n.$$
 (2)

- 4. Someone selected k points on the plane: $A_1(x_1, y_1), A_2(x_2, y_2), \ldots, A_k(x_k, y_k)$. All of them have both integer coordinates, no three points are on the same line.
 - (a) How many triangles can be created from these points?
 - (b) What is the smallest value k for which at least one of the line segments A_iA_j will have its midpoint with both integer coordinates?
 - (c) What is the smallest value k for which at least one of the triangles will have its *centroid* (the point where all its medians meet) in a point with both integer coordinates?

- 5. Because of epidemiological safety measures only one robot is allowed to visit the public library. Every day the robot arrives to a shelf with 10 volumes of an encyclopedia and reorders them so that volume from the slot #1 goes to the slot n_1 , the volume from #2 goes to the slot n_2 , and so on. $(n_1, \ldots, n_{10}$ are different integers between 1 and 10; they are the same every day.) The robot observes that after T days the volumes return to the original order.
 - (a) What is the value of T, if we define $n_k = (6 \cdot k \mod 11)$ for $k = 1, \ldots, 10$?
 - (b) Somebody modified robot's software in such a way that T > 10 (the books need more than 10 days to return to their initial state). Provide some example of the values n_k when this happens and find the corresponding T.